ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

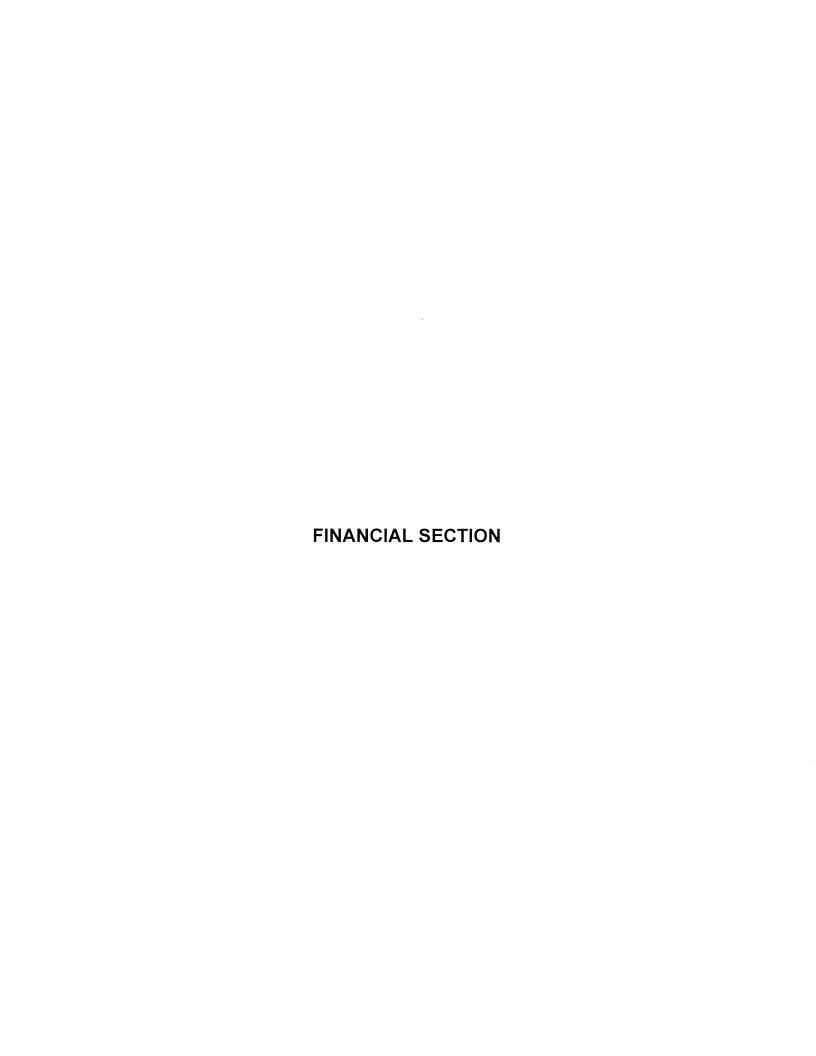
For the year ended August 31, 2022

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the year ended August 31, 2022

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

FINANCIAL SECTION	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	4.0
Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental FundsReconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of	15
Governmental ActivitiesStatement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	17
Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	18
and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	20
Notes to Financial Statements	21
Combining and Individual Fund Statements	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	35
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	37
Department of Transportation Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	39
Commission on State Emergency Communications Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	41
Department of Health and Human Services  Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	42
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	44
Department of Homeland Security Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	45
Office of the Texas Governor Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	46

FINANCIAL SECTION - (Continued)	<u>Page</u>
Combining and Individual Fund Statements - (Continued)	
Department of Commerce Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	47
Texas Department of Agriculture Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	48
Texas General Land Office Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	49
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	50
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and the Texas Grant Management Standards	52
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	55
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	63
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	65
Corrective Action Plan	67
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	68



## HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 101 S. MAIN, SUITE 400 VICTORIA, TEXAS 77901-8142 STEPHEN W. VAN MANEN, CPA DENNIS C. CIHAL, CPA ERIC L. KUCERA, CPA CLAYTON P. VAN PELT, CPA ROBERT W. SCHAAR, CPA MEUSSA M. TERRY, CPA

> VOICE: (361) 573-3255 FAX: (361) 573-9531

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission
Victoria. Texas

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

## **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission (the "Commission") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Commission as of August 31, 2022 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the Texas Grant Management Standards (TxGMS), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2023, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P. Certified Public Accountants

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June 27, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS August 31, 2022

The discussion and analysis of the Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission's (the "Commission") financial performance provides an overall review of the Commission's financial activities for the year ended August 31, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Commission's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter and the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Commission's financial performance.

## **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The assets of the Commission exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, by \$5,273,065. Of this amount, \$1,209,740 of unrestricted net position is available to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The total cost of all Commission activities was \$10,592,640 for the fiscal year.
- During the year, the Commission's expenses exceeded revenues of the governmental activities by \$838,556. This represents a 13.72% decrease in net position from the previous fiscal year as a result from operations.
- At August 31, 2022, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$498,208 and total General Fund balance decreased \$18,473 or 3.45% over prior year.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Commission's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. The report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

## Organization and Flow of Financial Section Information

## **Independent Auditors' Report**

Provides the opinion of the Independent Auditors on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

This supplementary information is required for state and local government financial statements and is intended to provide a narrative introduction and analysis.

Pages 4 to 11

## Government-wide Financial Statements

Provides information on governmental and business-type activities of the primary government.

Pages 12 to 14

## **Fund Financial Statements**

Provides information on the financial position of specific funds of the primary government.

Pages 15 to 20

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

Provides a summary of significant accounting policies and related disclosures.

Pages 21 to 34

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** - (Continued)

## Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, which consist of the following two statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

## Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

## Statement of Activities

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during fiscal year 2022. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event, giving rise to the change, occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected and earned, but unused vacation leave).

Both of these financial statements present the Commission's governmental activities, which is principally supported by intergovernmental revenues. Governmental activities of the Commission include general government, health and welfare, public safety, and environmental protection. The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following the Management's Discussion and Analysis.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Commission are governmental funds.

## Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** - (Continued)

## Governmental Funds - (Continued)

The Commission maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Department of Aging and Disability Services, Department of Transportation, Commission on State Emergency Communications, and Texas Health and Human Services Commission, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining and individual statements and schedules following the required supplementary information.

The basic governmental fund financial statements may be found immediately following the government-wide financial statements.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 21 through 34 of this report.

## Other Information

The combining and individual fund statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements can be found on pages 35 through 49 of this report.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Commission, assets exceeded liabilities by \$5,273,065 at the close of the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022.

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the Commission is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position.

Table I
Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission

## **NET POSITION**

ASSETS	Governmen 2022	Total % Change		
Current and other assets Capital assets (net)	\$ 3,519,508 4,384,794	\$ 3,356,363 4,543,569	4.86% -3.49%	
Total assets	7,904,302	7,899,932		
LIABILITIES  Long-term liabilities  Other liabilities	420,412 	132,911 1,655,400 1,788,311	216.31% 33.55%	
Total liabilities		1,700,311		
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Unrestricted net position	4,063,325 1,209,740	4,543,569 1,568,052	-10.57% -22.85%	
Total net position	\$ 5,273,065	\$ 6,111,621		

The largest portion of the Commission's net position (77.06%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., property, plant, and equipment) net of related debt. The Commission uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The remaining balance of \$1,209,740 may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

There was a net decrease of \$838,556 in net position reported in connection with the Commission's governmental activities. This decrease represents a 13.72% decrease in total net position for governmental activities compared to prior year. Overall revenues decreased 16.68% and total expenses decreased 8.68%. There was a decrease in operating grants and contributions of \$1,746,478 as well as a decrease. in capital grants and contributions of \$153,487. The largest decrease in expenses was related to public safety with a decrease of \$817,094. The Commission's federal and state grant funding varies from year to year which explains the large variances and is consistent with previous years.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS** - (Continued)

## Table II Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission

## **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

	Government	al Activities	Total % Change
REVENUES			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 1,292,725	\$ 1,263,438	2.32%
Operating grants and contributions	8,239,384	9,985,862	-17.49%
Capital grants and contributions	155,141	308,628	-49.73%
General revenues			
Unrestricted investment earnings	502	652	-23.01%
Miscellaneous	66,332	148,739	-55.40%
Total revenues	9,754,084	11,707,319	-16.68%
EXPENSES			
General government	342,939	307,963	11.36%
Health and welfare	9,229,307	9,393,385	-1.75%
Public safety	948,944	1,766,038	-46.27%
Environmental protection	71,450	132,250	-45.97%
Total expenses	10,592,640	11,599,636	-8.68%
Change in net position	(838,556)	107,683	
Net position - September 1	6,111,621	6,003,938	
Net position - August 31	\$ 5,273,065	\$ 6,111,621	-13.72%

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS** - (Continued)

## Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission

## 2022 Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

Functions/Programs	. <u> </u>	Expenses	% of Total	 Revenues	% of Total	N 	et (Expense) Revenue
General government Health and welfare Public safety Environmental protection	\$	342,939 9,229,307 948,944 71,450	3.24% 87.13% 8.96% <u>0.67%</u>	\$ 389,717 8,215,111 1,011,378 71,044	4.02% 84.80% 10.45% <u>0.73%</u>	\$	46,778 (1,014,196) 62,434 (406)
Total	\$	10,592,640	<u>100.00%</u>	\$ 9,687,250	<u>100.00%</u>	\$	(905,390)

## Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission

## Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities

	Revenues				Revenues		
Description	2022		% of Total		2021	% of Total	
Charges for services	\$	1,292,725	13.25%	\$	1,263,438	10.79%	
Operating grants and contributions		8,239,384	84.47%		9,985,862	85.29%	
Capital grants and contributions		155,141	1.59%		308,628	2.64%	
Unrestricted investment earnings		502	0.01%		652	0.01%	
Miscellaneous	<del></del>	66,332	<u>0.68%</u>		148,739	<u>1.27%</u>	
Total	\$	9,754,084	<u>100.00%</u>	\$	11,707,319	<u>100.00%</u>	

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COMMISSION'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

## Governmental Funds

The focus of the Commission's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Commission's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of fiscal year 2022, the Commission's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,308,683, a net decrease of \$392,280 in comparison with prior year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Commission. At the end of fiscal year 2022, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$498,208 and total fund balance was \$517,061.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

The Commission's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of August 31, 2022, amounts to \$4,384,794 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes building improvements, office equipment, furniture, vehicles, and right-to-use leases. The net increase in the Commission's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 3.49%. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The addition of right-to-use lease assets of \$554,255.
- The acquisition of bus stop structures in the amount of \$155,141.
- The acquisition of various equipment for \$47,507.

Additional information on the Commission's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

## Long-term Debt

The Commission had \$321,469 in right-to-use lease liabilities outstanding as of September 30, 2022.

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the Commission had outstanding \$98,943 in compensated absences. The compensated absences balance decreased by \$33,968 or 25.56% over prior fiscal year.

Additional information on the Commission's debt can be found in Note 8 of this report.

## **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S ANNUAL FINANCIAL PLAN**

The Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission's (GCRPC) activities continue to be funded primarily through grants, contracts, and interlocal agreements from federal and state government sources. Local government funding is provided to GCRPC through interlocal agreements and the collection of membership dues.

**ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S ANNUAL FINANCIAL PLAN - (Continued)** 

Amounts of funding available and allocated to GCRPC may vary widely from year to year. The economic condition of both the state and federal government, budget deficits, legislative intent, and regulatory guidance all affect appropriations and annual reauthorizations of funding available to political subdivisions and regional planning organizations like GCRPC. In Fiscal Year 2022, GCRPC continued to receive and expend supplemental federal and state funding to address the ongoing impacts of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. Local government funding for GCRPC did not experience significant positive or negative fluctuations in Fiscal Year 2022.

The federal, state and local response to the COVID-19 pandemic continues to be a significant known factor affecting GCRPC revenues and expenditures in Fiscal Year 2022. GCRPC began Fiscal Year 2022 expecting supplemental COVID-19 related funding for the majority of GCRPC's programs as in Fiscal Year 2021. The continued implementation of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) and the implementation of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding resulted in ongoing supplemental appropriations for the majority of the Commission's fiscal year 2022 federal and state contracts.

At this time, GCRPC estimates that expected Fiscal Year 2023 revenues from federal, state, and local government sources should fall within the range of expenditures projected through the end of Fiscal Year 2023. GCRPC's financial plan for Fiscal Year 2023 was based on the premise that the majority of supplemental COVID-19 related funding would be exhausted by or before Q4. Thus, GCRPC's financial plan is conservative in its approach and could be considered a return to pre-COVID fiscal management expectations.

## **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the Commission's finances and to demonstrate the Commission's accountability. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or need additional financial information, contact the Deputy Executive Director in the Commission's offices, 1908 North Laurent, Suite 600, Victoria, Texas 77901.

**Basic Financial Statements** 

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2022

ACCETO	Governmental Activities
ASSETS Current assets	\$ 537,051
Cash Receivables (net) Prepaid items	\$ 537,051 2,892,829 18,853
Restricted assets Cash	70,775
Total current assets	3,519,508
Noncurrent assets Capital assets	4 000 077
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles (net) Right-to-use lease assets	4,068,077
Buildings (net)	316,717 4,384,794
Net capital and right-to-use assets  Total noncurrent assets	4,384,794
Total assets	7,904,302
LIABILITIES  Current liabilities  Accounts payable  Accrued expenditures  Due to other governments  Unearned revenue  Accrued compensated absences  Current portion of right-to-use lease liability  Total current liabilities	1,081,497 135,423 21,574 972,331 9,894 240,321 2,461,040
Noncurrent liabilities    Accrued compensated absences    Noncurrent portion of right-to-use lease liability    Total noncurrent liabilities  Total liabilities	89,049 81,148 170,197 2,631,237
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted net position  Total net position	4,063,325 1,209,740 \$ 5,273,065

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended August 31, 2022

		Program Revenues						
Function/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions				
Primary Government								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 342,939	\$ 103,269	\$ 286,448	\$ -				
Health and welfare	9,229,307	1,189,456	6,870,514	155,141				
Public safety	948,944	-	1,011,378	-				
Environmental protection	71,450		71,044					
Total governmental activities	10,592,640	1,292,725	8,239,384	155,141				
Total primary government	\$ 10,592,640	\$ 1,292,725	\$ 8,239,384	\$ 155,141				

General revenues:

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
Primary						
Government						
Governmental Activities						
\$ 46,778 (1,014,196) 62,434 (406)						
(905,390)						
(905,390)						
502 66,332 66,834						
(838,556)						
6,111,621						
\$ 5,273,065						

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS August 31, 2022

ASSETS	 General	epartment of ansportation	State	nmission on e Emergency nmunications
Current assets				
Cash	\$ 203,532	\$ _	\$	_
Restricted cash	, _	3,892	•	66,883
Receivables, net	6,795	2,310,146		148,577
Due from other funds	332,297	-		_
Prepaid items	 18,853	 		
Total assets	\$ 561,477	\$ 2,314,038	\$	215,460
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 34,355	\$ 758,826	\$	50,059
Accrued expenditures	595	99,296		6,885
Due to other governments	-	10,045		1,751
Due to other funds	-	158,940		145,979
Unearned revenue	 9,466	 888,579		_
Total liabilities	 44,416	 1,915,686		204,674
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	18,853	_		-
Restricted	-	398,352		10,786
Unassigned	 498,208	 		
Total fund balances	 517,061	 398,352		10,786
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 561,477	\$ 2,314,038	\$	215,460

De	epartment				
of			Other		Total
Н	ealth and	Go	vernmental	Go	vernmental
Hum	nan Services		Funds		Funds
•		,			
\$	91,251	\$	242,268	\$	537,051
	-		-		70,775
	328,592		98,719		2,892,829
	-		-		332,297
	_				18,853
\$	419,843	\$	340,987	<u>\$</u>	3,851,805
\$	230,062	\$	8,195	\$	1,081,497
	23,909		4,738		135,423
	7,521		2,257		21,574
	-		27,378		332,297
	_		74,286		972,331
-	261,492		116,854		2,543,122
	_		_		18,853
	158,351		224,133		791,622
	-		_		498,208
	158,351		224,133		1,308,683
\$	419,843	\$	340,987	\$	3,851,805

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
August 31, 2022

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 1,308,683
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital and right-to-use lease assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The governmental capital and right-to-use lease assets at year-end consist of:		
Governmental capital and right-to-use lease assets costs Accumulated depreciation and amortization of governmental capital and right-to- use lease assets	\$ 8,004,798 (3,620,004)	4,384,794
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Right-to-use lease liability Compensated absences	(321,469) (98,943)	 (420,412)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 5,273,065

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended August 31, 2022

REVENUES	(	General		epartment of ansportation	State	mission on Emergency munications
Grants - federal	\$	_	\$	4,578,083	\$	_
Grants - state	Ψ	_	Ψ	236,017	Ψ	825,477
Contract service revenue		_		67,698		-
Other revenue		604		1,377,870		-
Investment income		370		22		110
Membership dues		103,269				
Total revenues		104,243		6,259,690		825,587
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government		47,982		-		-
Health and welfare		-		6,516,208		-
Public safety		-		-		815,420
Environmental protection		-		-		-
Capital outlay						
Capital assets		-		189,041		-
Right-to-use lease asset		144,512		248,598		36,461
Total expenditures		192,494		6,953,847		851,881
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(88,251)		(694,157)		(26,294)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Right-to-use lease issued		144,512		248,598		36,461
Transfers in		(74.724)		469,428		-
Transfers out		(74,734)		740.000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		69,778		718,026		36,461
Net change in fund balances		(18,473)		23,869		10,167
Fund balances at beginning of year		535,534		374,483		619
Fund balances at end of year	\$	517,061	\$	398,352	\$	10,786

D	epartment				
	of		Other		Total
	lealth and	Gov	/ernmental	Go	vernmental
Hun	nan Services		Funds		Funds
\$	1,603,699	\$	347,354	\$	6,529,136
	392,710		196,039		1,650,243
	_		_		67,698
	11,650		13,112		1,403,236
	-		-		502
_	<del>-</del>				103,269
	2,008,059		556,505		9,754,084
	_		308,581		356,563
	2,064,114		_		8,580,322
	-		133,568		948,988
	-		71,450		71,450
	-		_		189,041
	88,660		36,023		554,254
	2,152,774		549,622		10,700,618
	(144,715)		6,883		(946,534)
	88,660		36,023		554,254
	56,055		18,679		544,162
	(469,428)				(544,162)
	(324,713)		54,702		554,254
	(100 100)		04.505		(000.000)
	(469,428)		61,585		(392,280)
	627,779		162,548		1,700,963
\$	158,351	\$	224,133	<u>\$</u>	1,308,683

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended August 31, 2022

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ (392,280)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Increase in capital assets	\$ 202,648	
Depreciation expense	 (678,140)	(475,492)
Right-to-use lease assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the term of the lease agreement as amortization expense.		
Increase in right-to-use lease assets	554,255	
Amortization expense	 (237,538)	316,717
Issuance of debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		(554,255)
Current year payments on long-term debt are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they serve to reduce long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. In the current year, these amounts consist of:		
Right-to-use lease principal retirement		232,786
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Decrease in compensated absences		 33,968
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (838,556)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS August 31, 2022

## INDEX

<u>Note</u>		<u>Page</u>
1	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	. 22
2	Deposits and Investments	. 28
3	Receivables	. 29
4.	Capital Assets	. 30
5	Risk Management	. 30
6	Defined Contribution Plan	. 31
7	Deferred Compensation Plan	. 31
8	Long-term Debt	. 31
9	Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers	. 32
10	Commitments and Contingencies	. 33
11	Unearned Revenue	. 33
12	Fund Balances	. 34
13	Implementation of New Standard	. 34

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS August 31, 2022

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission (the "Commission") is the regional planning and intergovernmental coordination agency in the Victoria, Texas region created pursuant to legislation of the Texas State Legislature. It does not have stockholders or equity holders and is not subject to income taxes. The region consists of Calhoun, DeWitt, Goliad, Gonzales, Jackson, Lavaca, and Victoria Counties of Texas.

The accounting policies of the Commission conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

## A. Reporting Entity

The Commission's basic financial statements include the accounts of all Commission operations. The criteria for including legally separate organizations as component units within the Commission's reporting entity are set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification). No legally separate organizations met the necessary criteria for inclusion as component units for the year ended August 31, 2022.

## B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the Commission. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and, 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Interest and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Commission considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Commission.

The Commission reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Commission's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Special Revenue Funds account and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The following are considered major funds for the current fiscal period: Department of Transportation, Commission on State Emergency Communications, and the Department of Health and Human Services.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between various functions of the Commission. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - (Continued)

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all investment income.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Commission's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Commission prepares an annual operating budget based on expected revenues from the various state and federal grantor agencies and local governments. The grants relate to specific programs that contemplate revenues and expenditures over the lives of each program and generally have funding periods different from the Commission's budget year. The annual budget, which is approved by the Commission's General Assembly, is based on estimates of the portions of the various programs that will be completed during the fiscal year. The budget is revised periodically, primarily when anticipated grants are ratified by the various funding agencies. Budget discussions, including revisions, are conducted by the Commission's Board of Directors in open meetings. However, as the Commission has no taxing or oversight authority, the budgetary process is not one which culminates in an appropriation bill or an ordinance enacted into law. In this respect, the budget for the Commission is not an "appropriated budget" as defined by GASB Cod. Sec. 2400.108 and schedules of revenues and expenditures - budgeted and actual for the General Fund and special revenue funds have not been included as part of the financial statements.

## D. Leases

## Commission as Lessee

With the exception of short-term leases, when the Commission is a lessee in noncancellable lease arrangements the Commission recognizes a right-to-use lease liability (lease liability) and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The Commission recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value that would be material to the government-wide financial statements. For leases not meeting these criteria, lease payments are recognized as outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. See Note 8 for details of the Commission's leasing arrangements as lessee.

At the commencement of a lease, the Commission initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

E. <u>Leases</u> - (Continued)

Commission as Lessee - (Continued)

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the Commission determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The Commission uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Commission generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the Commission is reasonably certain to exercise.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position. The Commission monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

## Commission as Lessor

With the exception of short-term leases and certain regulated leases, when the Commission is a lessor in noncancellable lease arrangements the Commission recognizes a right-to-use lease receivable (lease receivable) and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. The Commission recognizes lease receivables with an initial, individual value that would be material to the governmental financial statements. The Commission does not recognize any such leases as of August 31, 2022. For leases not meeting these criteria, lease revenues are recognized as inflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.

At the commencement of a lease, the Commission initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the Commission determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The Commission uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The Commission monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

## F. Deposits and Investments

The Commission's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The Commission may invest its excess funds in any instruments authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act of Texas. Investments authorized under this Act include, but are not limited to, the following: Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States; other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit issued by a state or financial institution domiciled in the State of Texas which is guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or otherwise secured; and certain repurchase agreements.

The Commission's Board of Directors has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined by the Public Funds Investment Act of 1995. The investments of the Commission are in compliance with the Board of Director's investment policies.

## G. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds".

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

## H Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are recorded when purchased rather than when consumed.

## I. Restricted Assets

The restricted cash in the Commission on State Emergency Communications Fund, a special revenue fund, consists of funds reserved for 911 expenditures. The restricted cash in the Department of Transportation Fund, also a special revenue fund, consists of funds reserved for capital purchases related to the transit system.

## J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The Commission defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	20
Furniture and equipment	5-15
Vehicles	10

## K. Compensated Absences

Regular full-time employees may earn vacation leave on a basis of 10 working days annually for those employees with up to five years of service, 15 days after five years of service and 20 days after 10 years of service. Unused vacation leave can be carried over to the next fiscal year. The maximum allowable accumulation of unused vacation leave is 120 hours or 15 days. All compensated absence pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

## L. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

The statement of net position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources which follows the asset section. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Commission does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Commission does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

#### M. Fund Equity

GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions," (the "Statement") was issued in February 2009. This Statement eliminates the requirement to report governmental fund balances as reserved, unreserved, or designated. It replaces those categories with five possible classifications of governmental fund balances - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. This Statement also redefines the governmental funds for clarity and to be consistent with these new fund balance classifications.

The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2010. The Commission did not adopt a new fund balance policy in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 during fiscal year 2022. This Statement did not have an impact on the Commission's functions, financial position or results of operations.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the Commission considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

## N. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of the government-wide and fund financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the Commission to make estimates and assessments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

## Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Commission was not exposed to interest rate risk.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. The Commission was not exposed to credit risk.

## NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

## Concentration of Credit Risk

This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Commission was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

## Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Commission's deposits may not be returned to it. The Commission's investment policy requires that deposits at financial institutions be insured by the FDIC and/or collateralized by securities pledged to the Commission by the depository in an amount equal to at least 102% of the carrying value of deposits held. During the fiscal year and at year-end, all deposits held in the depository bank were fully collateralized and therefore the Commission was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

## Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Commission will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Commission was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

## **NOTE 3: RECEIVABLES**

Amounts shown in the financial statements as receivable consist of reimbursements due the Commission under various grant contracts as of August 31, 2022. Qualifying expenditures in excess of receipts give rise to this type of receivable. All amounts reported as receivable are expected to meet the "available" criteria necessary to report them as revenue in the current period.

## NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

The Commission's capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets being depreciated	Ф 4 007 740	<b>A</b> 000 040	•	<b>#</b> 4 000 000
Furniture and equipment Vehicles	\$ 1,097,718 6,150,177	\$ 202,648	\$ -	\$ 1,300,366 6,150,177
Total capital assets being depreciated	7,247,895	202,648		7,450,543
Right-to-Use lease assets being amortized		<del></del>		
Buildings	_	554,255	-	554,255
Total right-to-use lease assets being amortized		554,255	_	554,255
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for Capital assets being depreciated	or			
Furniture and equipment	445,367	96,737	-	542,104
Vehicles	2,258,959	581,403	-	2,840,362
Right-to-Use lease assets being amortized				
Buildings		237,538		237,538
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	2,704,326	915,678		3,620,004
Total capital assets being depreciated and				
right-to-use lease assets being amortized, net	4,543,569	(158,775)		4,384,794
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,543,569	<u>\$ (158,775</u> )	\$	<u>\$ 4,384,794</u>
Governmental Activities				
General government				20,344
Health and welfare				881,771
Public safety				13,563
Total depreciation and amortization expense - government	ernmental activ	ities		\$ 915,678

## NOTE 5: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss encompassed in the areas of general liabilities, workers' compensation claims, and employee health related expenses. The Commission has purchased commercial insurance to cover potential losses in those areas. The Commission has entered into interlocal agreements with the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool coverage. Through the payment of contributions to the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool, the Commission has transferred these risks to the pool. The Commission has not retained any risks other than the deductible and is covered up to the limits of coverage after the deductible. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

## NOTE 6: DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Commission sponsors a defined contribution pension plan established under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code that covers substantially all of its employees. The plan is administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation. Employees are required to participate in the plan as a condition of employment. Employees are required to contribute to the plan 4% of their eligible earnings, which amounted to approximately \$131,105 for the year ended August 31, 2022. The Commission's contributions are required at a rate of 6% of each covered employee's salary. The Commission's total payroll for the year ended August 31, 2022, was \$3,509,359, and the Commission's contributions were based on a payroll of \$3,277,627.

## NOTE 7: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Commission offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sec. 457. The plan is available to all the Commission's employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salaries until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, or unforeseeable emergency. The deferred compensation is available to employees' beneficiaries in the case of death.

Contributions to the plan by the Commission are discretionary. No contributions were made to the plan by the Commission for the year ended August 31, 2022. However, several employees made contributions to the plan for the year ended August 31, 2022.

All assets of the plan are held in trust by an independent administrator for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries.

## NOTE 8: LONG-TERM DEBT

## Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended August 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:						
Right-to-Use lease liability Compensated absences	\$ - 132,911	\$ 554,255 120,599	\$ 232,786 154,567	\$ 321,469 98,943	\$ 240,321 9,894	
Total governmental activities, long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 132,911</u>	<u>\$ 674,854</u>	\$ 387,353	\$ 420,412	\$ 250,215	

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

## Right-to-Use Lease

The Commission's noncancelable lease agreement with Laurent Tower, LLC for its administrative offices and facilities for its transit operations is reported as a right-to-use lease liability as of August 31, 2022. The lease liability is allocated across funds based on usage. The lease is payable in monthly installments through February 2024.

## NOTE 8: LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

Right-to-Use Lease - (Continued)

Annual requirements to maturity for the right-to-use lease liability are as follows:

	 Principal	<u> </u>	nterest	Total		
2023 2024	\$ 240,321 81,148	\$	1,273 101	\$	241,594 81,249	
	\$ 321,469	\$	1,374	\$	322,843	

#### NOTE 9: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

#### A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

At times during the fiscal year the various funds of the Commission were involved in transactions that created interfund receivable and payable balances. These transactions related to such things as the purchase of goods by one fund on behalf of another and the receipt of revenue in one fund that belongs to or is designated for another fund.

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of August 31, 2022, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General	Department of Transportation	\$	158,940
	Comm. on State Emerg. Comm.		145,979
	Nonmajor Governmental		
	Texas General Land Office		14,290
	Department of Commerce		13,088
		\$_	332,297

#### B. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Each year various funds of the Commission transfer funds to other funds. The Commission's General Fund makes planned transfers to other specified governmental funds. These transfers are intended to provide the necessary resources to meet the operating obligations of the receiving funds. During the current fiscal year, transfers between funds consisted of the following:

			Tran	sfers In	 		
				ept. of			
	[	Dept. of	He	alth and	Nonmajor		
Transfers Out	_ Trar	Transportation		nan Svcs.	 Funds	Total	
General Dept. of Health and	\$	-	\$	56,055	\$ 18,679	\$	74,734
Human Svcs.		469,428			 -		469,428
	\$	469,428	\$	56,055	\$ 18,679	\$	544,162

#### NOTE 10: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Grant Programs**

The Commission participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the Commission has not complied with rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2022, may be impaired. In the opinion of the Commission, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

#### **NOTE 11: UNEARNED REVENUE**

The Commission's governmental funds report unearned revenue on the financial statements in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	 Amount
General Fund	
Grants	\$ 1,740
Other	7,726
Department of Transportation	
Insurance	453,000
Grants	104,151
Inteplast	280,044
Other	51,384
Nonmajor Funds	
Grants	 74,286
	\$ 972,331

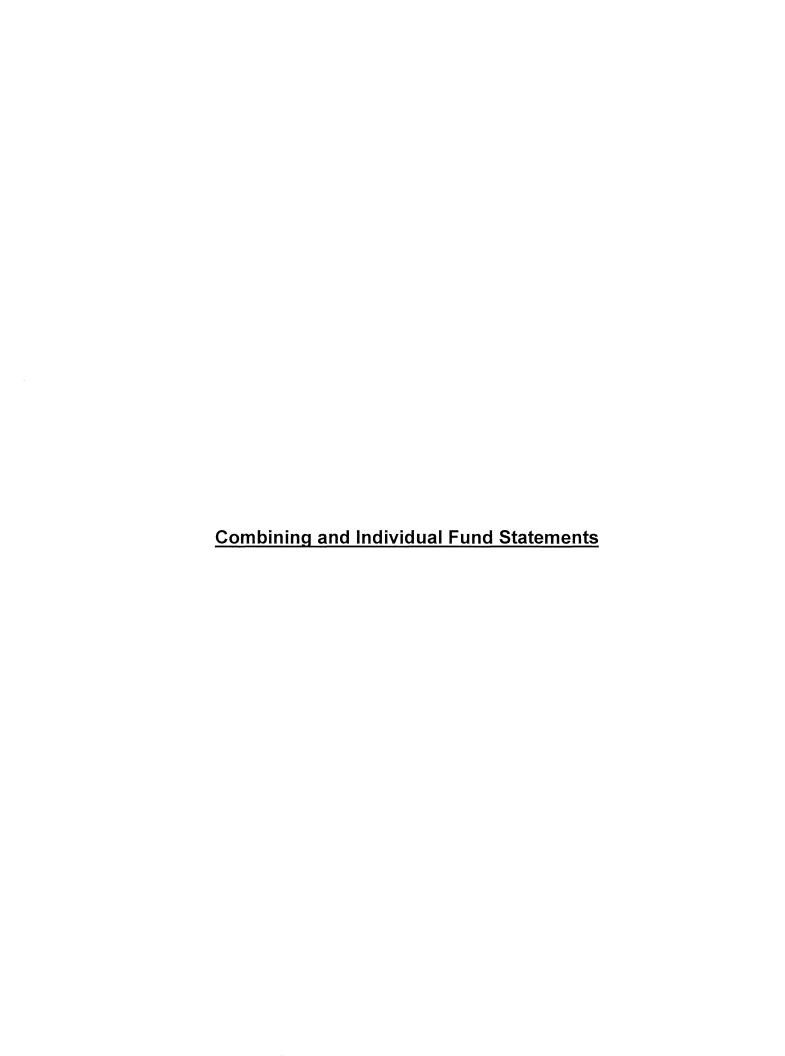
#### **NOTE 12: FUND BALANCES**

The following is a detail of the governmental fund balances as of August 31, 2022:

	_N	Nonspendable		Restricted		Unassigned		Total	
General									
Prepaid items	\$	18,853	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,853	
Unassigned		-		-		498,208		498,208	
Department of Transportation									
Health and welfare		-		398,352		-		398,352	
Commission on State									
Emergency Communications									
Public safety		-		10,786		-		10,786	
Department of Health and									
Human Services									
Health and welfare		-		158,351		-		158,351	
Nonmajor Governmental									
General government		-		18,351		-		18,351	
Public safety				205,782				205,782	
	\$	18,853	\$	791,622	\$	498,208	\$	1,308,683	

#### NOTE 13: IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW STANDARD

The Commission implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases ("GASB 87") during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022. GASB 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and were previously recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying assets. Under GASB 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The Commission implemented GASB 87 as of the beginning of the fiscal year, resulting in the recognition of \$554,255 in both a right-to-use lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, related to leasing arrangements under which the Commission is the lessee, upon implementation. Implementation of GASB 87 had no impact on the net position or the change in net position previously reported prior to implementation and is reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances as well as the Government-wide Statements of Net Position and Activities.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET August 31, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Texas							
	Com	mission on	Department		C	Office of		
		ironmental		lomeland	th	ne Texas	Dep	artment of
		Quality	S	ecurity	G	Sovernor	_Cc	mmerce
ASSETS								
Current assets								
Cash	\$	79,933	\$	7,038	\$	146,221	\$	-
Receivables, net								44.000
Grantors						60,683		14,290
Total assets	\$	79,933	\$	7,038	\$	206,904	\$	14,290
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	4,204	\$	-	\$	2,854	\$	-
Accrued expenditures		1,443		-		3,049		-
Due to other governments		-		2,254		3		-
Due to other funds		-		-		_		14,290
Unearned revenue		74,286						
Total liabilities		79,933		2,254		5,906		14,290
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		-		4,784		200,998		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	79,933	\$	7,038	\$	206,904	\$	14,290

# Special Revenue Funds

Texas Department of Agriculture		Gei	Texas neral Land Office	 Total
\$	9,076	\$	-	\$ 242,268
	9,275		14,471	 98,719
\$	18,351	\$	14,471	\$ 340,987
\$	-	\$	1,137	\$ 8,195
	-		246	4,738
	-		-	2,257
	-		13,088	27,378
	_			 74,286
			14,471	 116,854
	18,351		_	224,133
\$	18,351	\$	14,471	\$ 340,987

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the year ended August 31, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Texas  Commission on Department Environmental of Homeland Quality Security		Office of the Texas Governor	Department of Commerce			
REVENUES							
Grants - federal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60,906	\$ 262,725			
Grants - state	71,044	-	124,995	-			
Other revenue				13,112			
Total revenues	71,044		185,901	275,837			
EXPENDITURES Current							
General government	-	-	_	294,110			
Public safety	_	-	133,568	-			
Environmental protection	71,450	-	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>			
Total expenditures	71,450		133,568	294,110			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	(406)	-	52,333	(18,273)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE:	S)						
Transfers in	406		_	18,273			
Total other financing sources (uses)	406			18,273			
Change in fund balances	-	-	52,333	-			
Fund balances, beginning of year		4,784	148,665				
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ 4,784	\$ 200,998	\$ -			

Special	Revenue	Funds
Opcolai	INCVCITAC	i unus

Texas Department Agricultur		Texas eneral Land Office	 Total			
	252 \$ -  252	14,471 - - 14,471	\$ 347,354 196,039 13,112 556,505			
	- - -	14,471 - 	 308,581 133,568 71,450			
9,2	<del>_</del>	<u>14,471</u> -	 513,599 42,906			
			 18,679 18,679			
9,2	252	_	 61,585			
9,0	099		 162,548			
\$ 18,	<u>351</u> \$	-	\$ 224,133			

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
For the year ended August 31, 2022

	Urban #URB-Total	Rural #RPT-Total	Elderly and Disabled #ED-Total	Commuter Services
REVENUES Grants - federal Grants - state	\$ 1,948,178 49,832	\$ 2,296,770 186,185	\$ 157,580 -	\$ -
Contract service revenue Other revenue	67,698 256,090	22	-	- 1,121,758
Investment income  Total revenues	2,321,798	2,482,977	157,580	1,121,758
EXPENDITURES Current Health and welfare				
Personnel	1,819,098	870,671	19,061	603,648
Travel Indirect costs	3,201	4,229	1,713	169
Other costs	240,892 141,937	114,244 86,852	1,641 3,384	94,773 42,693
Program costs	515,118	282,486	5,504	369,595
Subcontractor costs	528	1,125,563	136,834	34
Equipment	3,461	2,516	-	492
Capital outlay		33,900	<del>_</del>	
Total expenditures	2,724,235	2,520,461	162,633	1,111,404
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(402,437)	(37,484)	(5,053)	10,354
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		<b>0</b> 7 40 4		
Transfers in	417,346	37,484	5,053	
Total other financing sources (uses)	417,346	37,484	5,053	
Change in fund balance	14,909	-	-	10,354
Fund balance, beginning of year	300,281	41,169	<del>_</del>	8,057
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 315,190	<u>\$ 41,169</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 18,411

uses and Facilities	eet Fire lacement			_	onal Transit	 Total
\$ 155,141 - - - -	\$ - - - - 22	\$	- - - -	\$	20,414	\$ 4,578,083 236,017 67,698 1,377,870 22
155,141	 22		<u>-</u>		20,414	 6,259,690
-	-		-		26,702	3,339,180
-	-		-		1,343	10,655
-	-		-		1,021	452,571
-	1,416		-		836	277,118
-	-		-		-	1,167,199
-	-		-		-	1,262,959
-	-		-		57	6,526
 155,141	 		<u>-</u>			 189,041
 155,141	 1,416				29,959	 6,705,249
-	(1,394)		-		(9,545)	(445,559)
	 				9,545	 469,428
 -	 	<del></del>			9,545	 469,428
-	(1,394)		-		-	23,869
	 11,518		9,655		3,803	 374,483
\$ 	\$ 10,124	\$	9,655	\$	3,803	\$ 398,352

COMMISSION ON STATE EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the year ended August 31, 2022

		911 Strategic Plan					
	FY2014-	20_	F	-Y2021	F	Y2022	 Total
REVENUES Grants - state Investment income	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	308,567	\$	516,910 110	\$ 825,477 110
Total revenues	<del></del>			308,567		517,020	 825,587
EXPENDITURES Current Public safety							
Personnel		-		_		172,107	172,107
Travel		-		-		2,421	2,421
Indirect costs		-		-		18,309	18,309
Other costs		-		-		23,836	23,836
Program costs		-		308,613		283,660	592,273
Equipment						6,474	 6,474
Total expenditures				308,613		506,807	 815,420
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		(46)		10,213	10,167
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				<u>-</u>			 <del>-</del>
Change in fund balance		-		(46)		10,213	10,167
Fund balance, beginning of year		569		50		<u>-</u>	 619
Fund balance, end of year	\$	569	\$	4	\$	10,213	\$ 10,786

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the year ended August 31, 2022

	 Aging	 ADRC	211	Program
REVENUES				
Grants - federal	\$ 1,425,847	\$ 60,142	\$	110,955
Grants - state	167,157	118,360		107,193
Other revenue	 1,650	 		10,000
Total revenues	 1,594,654	 178,502		228,148
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Health and welfare				
Personnel	400,449	124,829		187,495
Travel	24,084	1,153		152
Indirect costs	40,392	13,187		19,167
Other costs	52,204	17,672		23,003
Program costs	4,067	-		-
Subcontractor costs	1,119,877	28,542		-
Equipment	 798	 288		
Total expenditures	 1,641,871	 185,671		229,817
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(47,217)	(7,169)		(1,669)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	47,217	7,169		1,669
Transfers out	 <u>-</u>	 _	**	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 47,217	 7,169		1,669
Change in fund balance	-	-		-
Fund balance, beginning of year	 	 	<u> </u>	85
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	\$ 	\$	85

Older Adult Opioids Grant Program	Medical Transportation	Total
\$ 6,755 - -	\$ - - -	\$ 1,603,699 392,710 11,650
6,755		2,008,059
2,940	- -	715,713 25,389
3,190 -	- - -	72,746 96,069 4,067
625	<u>-</u>	1,149,044 1,086
6,755		<u>2,064,114</u> (56,055)
-	-	56,055
	(469,428) (469,428)	(469,428) (413,373)
-	(469,428)	(469,428)
<u> </u>	\$ 158,266	\$ 158,351

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the year ended August 31, 2022

	Solid Waste Planning		
REVENUES	ф 74.04 <i>4</i>		
Grants - state	\$ 71,044		
Total revenues	71,044		
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Environmental protection			
Personnel	17,723		
Indirect costs	2,475		
Other costs	1,397		
Program costs	49,855		
Total expenditures	71,450		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	(406)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	406		
Change in fund balance	-		
Fund balance, beginning of year	<u>-</u>		
Fund balance, end of year	\$		

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the year ended August 31, 2022

	Homeland Security Grant Program
REVENUES	\$ -
EXPENDITURES	<u> </u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Change in fund balance	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	4,784
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 4,784

OFFICE OF THE TEXAS GOVERNOR COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the year ended August 31, 2022

	CJD Admin.	Regional Law Enforcement	Homeland Security Grant Program	Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental	Total
REVENUES	Φ.	Ф	ф <u>20.25</u> 0	ф 04.0E0	ф co.ooc
Grants - federal Grants - state	\$ - 61,898	\$ - 45,597	\$ 36,256 17,500	\$ 24,650	\$ 60,906 124,995
Total revenues	61,898	45,597	53,756	24,650	185,901
EXPENDITURES Current Public safety					
Personnel	15,187	-	38,898	_	54,085
Travel	134	-	806	-	940
Indirect costs	1,138	-	3,712	-	4,850
Other costs	1,147	-	2,299	-	3,446
Program costs	-	45,597	-	_	45,597
Equipment				24,650	24,650
Total expenditures	17,606	45,597	45,715	24,650	133,568
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	44,292	-	8,041	-	52,333
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<del></del>
Change in fund balance	44,292	-	8,041	-	52,333
Fund balance, beginning of year	143,366	226	5,073		148,665
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 187,658	\$ 226	\$ 13,114	\$ -	\$ 200,998

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the year ended August 31, 2022

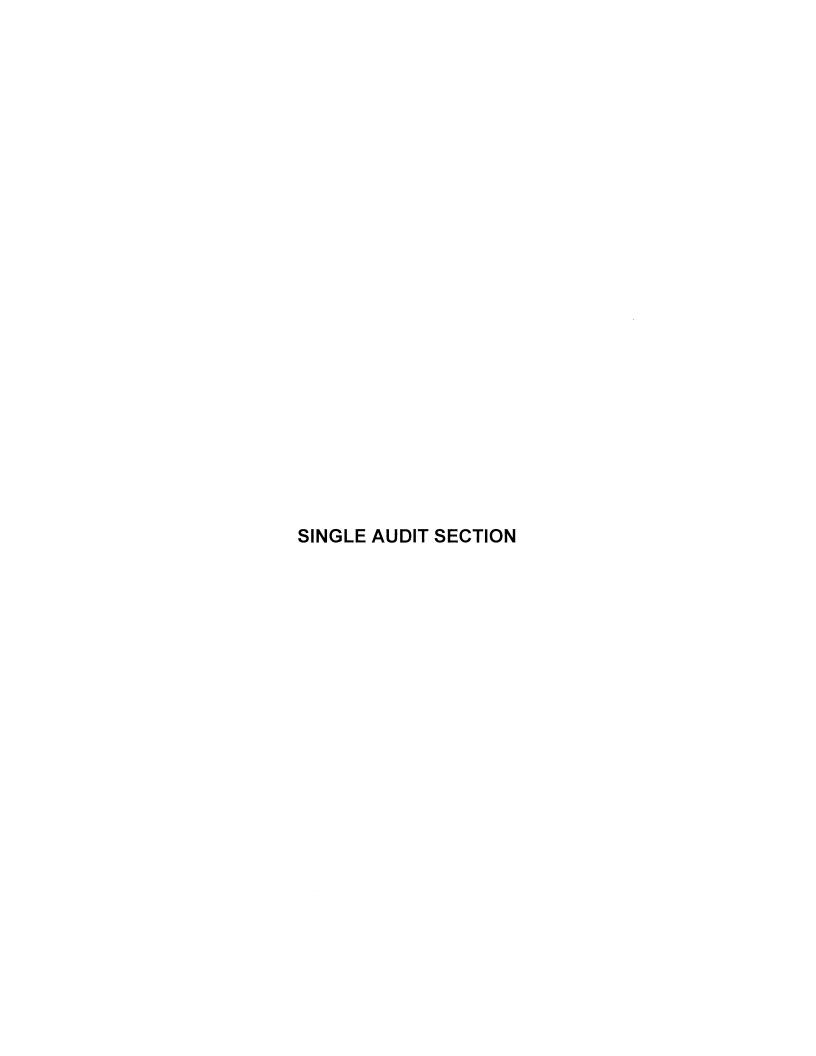
	Economic Adj. Assistance -	Economic Development -	
	Disaster Recovery Program	Economic Planning Grants	Total
REVENUES			
Grants - federal	\$ 219,641	\$ 43,084	262,725
Other revenue	<u> </u>	13,112	13,112
Total revenues	219,641	56,196	275,837
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government  Personnel	101.002	40.650	151 645
Personnel Travel	101,993 2,115	49,652	151,645 2,115
Indirect costs	10,805	4,246	15,051
Other costs	12,576	19,707	32,283
Program costs	89,500	-	89,500
Equipment	3,516		3,516
Total expenditures	220,505	73,605	294,110
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	(864)	(17,409)	(18,273)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	864	17,409	18,273
Change in fund balance	-	-	-
Fund balance, beginning of year		<u> </u>	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$	\$ -

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the year ended August 31, 2022

	y Development ck Grant
REVENUES	
Grants - federal	\$ 9,252
Total revenues	 9,252
EXPENDITURES	
Current Public safety	_
Total expenditures	 _
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	0.050
over expenditures	9,252
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 
Change in fund balance	9,252
Fund balance, beginning of year	 9,099
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 18,351

TEXAS GENERAL LAND OFFICE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the year ended August 31, 2022

	Community Develop Block Grant	ment
REVENUES		
Grants - federal	\$ 14	4,471
Total revenues	14	4,471
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
General government Personnel	9	9,143
Other costs		5,328
Total expenditures	1	4,471
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<del></del>	_
Change in fund balance		-
Fund balance, beginning of year		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	



## HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P.



STEPHEN W. VAN MANEN, CPA DENNIS C. CIHAL, CPA ERIC L. KUCERA, CPA CLAYTON P. VAN PELT, CPA ROBERT W. SCHAAR, CPA MELISSA M. TERRY, CPA

> VOICE: (361) 573-3255 FAX: (361) 573-9531

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Directors
Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission
Victoria, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission (the "Commission") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2023.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2022-001 and 2022-002 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Commission's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Commission's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Commission's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P. Certified Public Accountants

Harrison, Waldrop & Uherk UP

June 27, 2023

## HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P.



STEPHEN W. VAN MANEN, CPA DENNIS C. CIHAL, CPA ERIC L. KUCERA, CPA CLAYTON P. VAN PELT, CPA ROBERT W. SCHAAR, CPA MELISSA M. TERRY, CPA

> VOICE: (361) 573-3255 FAX: (361) 573-9531

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE TEXAS GRANT MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

The Board of Directors
Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission
Victoria, Texas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited the Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission's (the "Commission") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the Texas Grant Management Standards that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Commission's major federal and state programs for the year ended August 31, 2022. The Commission's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Commission complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended August 31, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the Texas Grant Management Standards (TxGMS) issued by the Texas Governor's Office of Budget and Planning. Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and TxGMS are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Commission's federal and state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Commission's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and TxGMS will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Commission's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and TxGMS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on
  a test basis, evidence regarding the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Commission's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
  in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and TxGMS, but not
  for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control
  over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

The Board of Directors
Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and TxGMS. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P. Certified Public Accountants

Harrison Waldrop & Uherk, UP

June 27, 2023

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the year ended August 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing No.	Other Award Number
FEDERAL EXPENDITURES		
U. S. Department of Commerce  Economic Development_Support for Planning Organizations	11.302	ED21AUS3020020
Economic Adjustment Assistance - Disaster Recovery Program  Total for Economic Development Cluster	11.307	ED20AUS3070056
Total U.S. Department of Commerce		
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed Through Texas General Land Office Community Development Block Grant	14.228	18-497-007-B236
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		76 767 667 5266
U. S. Department of Homeland Security		
Passed Through Office of the Texas Governor	07.067	2062206
Homeland Security Grant Program  Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067 97.067	2963206 2963208
Total passed through Office of the Texas Governor	01.007	2000200
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		
U. S. Department of Justice		
Passed Through Office of the Texas Governor		
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding	16.034	4343501
Total U.S. Department of Justice		
U. S. Department of Agriculture		
Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition		
Assistance Program COVID-19 State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental	10.561	HHS000979200020
Nutrition Assistance Program  Total for SNAP Cluster	10.561	HHS000979200020
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		
U. S. Department of Transportation  Direct Programs		
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	TX-2023-003-00
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	TX-2020-063-00
Federal Transit Formula Grants Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507 20.507	TX-2020-063-01 TX-2020-089
Buses and Bus Facilities Formula, Competitive, and Low or No Emissions Programs	20.526	TX-2020-034-00

**Total Direct Programs** 

Total for Federal Transit Cluster

	Expenditures				
From	From		Passed		
Pass-Through	Direct		through to	Name of Cluster	
Awards	Awards	Total	Subrecipients	(if applicable)	Note
\$ -	\$ 43,084	\$ 43,084	\$		
	219,641	219,641		Economic Development Cluster	
	219,641	219,641			
	262,725	262,725			
14,471	_	14,471	-		
14,471		14,471			
8,334	-	8,334	_		
27,922	-	27,922	-		
36,256	-	36,256	_		
36,256		36,256			
00,200		00,200			
24,650		24,650			
24,650		24,650			
46.091		46,981		SNAP Cluster	
46,981	-	40,961	-	SIVAF Clusiei	
1,453		1,453		SNAP Cluster	
48,434		48,434			
48,434		48,434	<u> </u>		
	070 400	070 400		Fodoral Transit Cluster	
-	673,496 189,232	673,496 189,232	-	Federal Transit Cluster Federal Transit Cluster	
- -	97,683	97,683	-	Federal Transit Cluster	
_	987,767	987,767	-	Federal Transit Cluster	
	1,948,178	1,948,178			
<del>-</del>	155,141	155,141	-	Federal Transit Cluster	
	155,141	155,141			
-	2,103,319	2,103,319	_		
	2,103,319	2,103,319			(continued)
					,

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the year ended August 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing No.	Other Award Number
FEDERAL EXPENDITURES - (Continued)		
U. S. Department of Transportation - (Continued)		
Passed Through Texas Department of Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program	20.509	CAF-2101
Metropolitan Transportation Planning and State and Non-Metropolitan Planning and Research	20.505	PLN 2201
Metropolitan Transportation Planning and State and Non-Metropolitan	20.303	F LIN ZZU I
Planning and Research	20.505	REG 2101
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	ED 2201
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	ED 1909
Total for Transit Services Programs Cluster		
Total passed through Texas Department of Transportation		
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission Special Programs for the Aging-Title VII, Chapter 3-		
Programs for Prevention of Elder Abuse, Neglect, and Exploitation Special Programs for the Aging-Title VII, Chapter 2-	93.041	HHS000874100012
Long-Term Care Ombudsman Services for Older Individuals Special Programs for the Aging-Title VII, Chapter 2-	93.042	HHS000874100012
Long-Term Care Ombudsman Services for Older Individuals COVID-19 Special Programs for the Aging-Title VII, Chapter 2-	93.042	HHS000874100012
Long-Term Care Ombudsman Services for Older Individuals COVID-19 Special Programs for the Aging-Title VII, Chapter 2-	93.042	HHS000874100012
Long-Term Care Ombudsman Services for Older Individuals	93.042	HHS000874100012
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part D-		
Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services COVID-19 Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part D-	93.043	HHS000874100012
Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services  COVID-19 Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part D-	93.043	HHS000874100012
Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services	93.043	HHS000874100012

	Expenditures				
From	From		Passed		
Pass-Through	Direct		through to	Name of Cluster	
Awards	Awards	Total	Subrecipients	(if applicable)	Note_
\$ 2,296,770	\$ -	\$ 2,296,770	\$ 1,150,899		
2,296,770	<u> </u>	2,296,770	1,150,899		
2,230,110	<del></del>	2,230,770	1,100,000		
6,486	-	6,486	-		
13,928	-	13,928	-		
20,414	-	20,414	-		
130,677	_	130,677	111,468	Transit Services Programs Cluster	
1,567		1,567		Transit Services Programs Cluster	
132,244		132,244	111,468		
132,244		132,244	111,468		
2,449,428	<u>-</u>	2,449,428	1,262,367		
2,449,428	2,103,319	4,552,747	1,262,367		
(3,437)		(3,437)			
31,329	-	31,329	-		
2,036	-	2,036	-		
5,526	-	5,526	-		
1,755		1,755	-		
40,646		40,646			
(1,365)	-	(1,365)	-		
5,425	-	5,425	-		
15,654	-	15,654	-		
19,714	_	19,714			

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the year ended August 31, 2022

	Federal Assistance	Other Award
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Listing No.	Number
FEDERAL EXPENDITURES - (Continued)		
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services - (Continued)		
Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission - (Continued	)	
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part B-		
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	HHS000874100012
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part B- Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	HHS000874100012
COVID-19 Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part B-	93.044	11113000074100012
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	HHS000874100012
COVID-19 Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part B-		
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	HHS000874100012
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part B-	02 044	HHS000874100012
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers - Disaster Flex B Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part B-	93.044	HHS000074100012
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers - CDC Vaccination	93.044	HHS000874100012
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part B-		
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers - Expanding the		
Public Health Workforce	93.044	HHS000874100012
Chariel Drawners for the Asing Title III Dart C		
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part C- Nutrition Services	93.045	HHS000874100012
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part C-	93.043	11113000074100012
Nutrition Services - Disaster Flex C	93.045	HHS000874100012
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part C-		
Nutrition Services - Disaster Flex C	93.045	HHS000874100012
COVID-19 Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part C- Nutrition Services	93.045	HHS000874100012
COVID-19 Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part C-	93.045	HH3000074100012
Nutrition Services	93.045	HHS000874100012
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053	HHS000874100012
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053	HHS000874100012
Total for Aging Cluster		
Special Programs for the Aging-Title IV, and Title II,		
Discretionary Projects	93.048	HHS000270200017
Special Programs for the Aging-Title IV, and Title II,	30.040	11110000270200017
Discretionary Projects	93.048	HHS000270200017
Biodictionary i rojecto	00.040	11110000270200017
National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E	93.052	HHS000874100012
COVID-19 National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E	93.052	HHS000874100012
National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E - Disaster Flex E	93.052	HHS000874100012
COVID-19 National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E	93.052	HHS000874100012

	Expenditur	es					
From s-Through Awards	From Direct Awards		 Total	Passed through to Subrecipients		Name of Cluster (if applicable)	Note
\$ 152,781	\$	-	\$ 152,781	\$ -	-	Aging Cluster	
21,904		-	21,904	-	•	Aging Cluster	
23,951		-	23,951	-	•	Aging Cluster	
209,946		-	209,946	-	-	Aging Cluster	
35,015		-	35,015	-	•	Aging Cluster	
3,907		_	3,907	-	-	Aging Cluster	
3,437		_	3,437	-	_	Aging Cluster	
 450,941			450,941		-		
286,337		-	286,337	-	-	Aging Cluster	
119,129		-	119,129	-	-	Aging Cluster	
37,680		-	37,680	-	-	Aging Cluster	
158		-	158	-	•	Aging Cluster	
 163,660			 163,660		-	Aging Cluster	
 606,964 86,018		_ <u>-</u>	 606,964 86,018		-	Aging Cluster	
 358			 358		-	Aging Cluster	
86,376 1,144,281			 86,376 1,144,281		-		
1,641		-	1,641	-	-		
 19,638			 19,638		_		
 21,279			 21,279		-		
68,431		-	68,431		-		
3,359		-	3,359	-	-		
66,893 32,331		-	66,893 32,331	-	-		
 		<u> </u>			_		/ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
 171,014			 171,014		_		(continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the year ended August 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing No.	Other Award Number
FEDERAL EXPENDITURES - (Continued)		
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services - (Continued)		
Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission - (Continued	)	
State Health Insurance Assistance Program	93.324	HHS000874100012
State Health Insurance Assistance Program	93.324	HHS000874100012
Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program	93.071	HHS000874100012
Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program	93.071	HHS000874100012
Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program	93.071	HHS000270200017
Money Follows the Person Rebalancing Demonstration	93.791	HHS000270200017
Money Follows the Person Rebalancing Demonstration	93.791	HHS000270200017
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	HHS000979200020
Older Adult Opioids Grant	93.788	H79TI083288
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	HHS000979200020
COVID-19 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)  Total for 477 Cluster	93.558	HHS000979200020
Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid: Title XIX)	93.778	HHS000979200020
COVID-19 Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid: Title XIX)  Total for Medicaid Cluster	93.778	HHS000979200020
Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)	93.767	HHS000979200020
COVID-19 Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)	93.767	HHS000979200020

Total passed through Texas Health and Human Services Commission

Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

## **TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES**

		Expenditures					
	From	From				Passed	
Pas	s-Through	Direct				through to	Name of Cluster
/	Awards	Awards		Total		Subrecipients	(if applicable) Note
\$	39,963	\$ -	\$	39,963	\$	-	
	2,928			2,928			
	42,891			42,891			
	9,219	-		9,219		-	
	1,519	-		1,519		-	
	10,065			10,065	_	<u>-</u>	
	20,803			20,803			
	26,282	_		26,282		-	
	2,515			2,515			
	28,797			28,797		-	
	3,075	_		3,075		-	
	6,755	_		6,755		<u>-</u>	
	1,314	-		1,314		-	477 Cluster
	41			41		_	477 Cluster
	1,355	_		1,355			
	48,942	-		48,942		-	Medicaid Cluster
	1,514	-		1,514			Medicaid Cluster
	50,456	_		50,456		<u>-</u>	
	7,406	-		7,406		_	
	229	-		229		-	
	7,635			7,635		-	
	1,555,264		_	1,555,264		_	
	1,555,264			1,555,264			
	4,128,503	2,366,044	<u> </u>	6,494,547		1,262,367	

(continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the year ended August 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing No.	Other Award Number
STATE EXPENDITURES		
Office of the Texas Governor Criminal Justice Division Administration Homeland Security Grant Program Regional Law Enforcement Training Total Office of the Texas Governor	N/A N/A N/A	PO# 22-00526 CJD PO# 22-00523 HSGD 1417718
Texas Department of Aging and Disability Services  Ombudsman Assisted Living Services  ADRC Operations - SGR  ADRC - Promoting Independence  ADRC - Respite  State Aging Services  State General Revenue ARPA  Housing Bond  211 Program  211 Program - COVID 19  Total Texas Department of Aging and Disability Services  Texas Department of Transportation  Small Urban Transportation Program  Public Transportation for Nonurbanized Areas  Total Texas Department of Transportation	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	HHS000874100012 HHS000270200017 HHS000270200017 HHS000270200017 HHS000874100012 HHS000874100012 539-16-0013-00001 HHS000979200020 HHS000979200020
Texas Commission for Environmental Quality Regional Solid Waste Grant Regional Solid Waste Grant	N/A N/A	582-20-10212 582-22-30116
Total Texas Commission for Environmental Quality		
Commission on State Emergency Communications 911 Strategic Plan 2021 911 Strategic Plan 2022 Total Commission on State Emergency Communications	N/A N/A	FY2021 FY2022

#### TOTAL STATE EXPENDITURES

# TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE EXPENDITURES

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards.

		Expenditures	 					
	From	From			Passed			
Pa	ass-Through	Direct			through to		Name of Cluster	
	Awards	Awards	 Total		Subrecipients		(if applicable)	Note
\$	61,898	\$ -	\$ 61,898	\$	-			
	17,500	-	17,500		-			
	45,597		 45,597		<u> </u>			
	124,995		 124,995					
	15,262	-	15,262		-			
	93,925	-	93,925		-			
	12,076	-	12,076		-			
	12,359	-	12,359		-			
	85,007	-	85,007		-			
	59,358	-	59,358		-			
	7,530	-	7,530		-			
	103,977	-	103,977		-			
	3,216	_	 3,216		-			
_	392,710		 392,710					
	49,832	-	49,832		-			
	211,521		 211,521		-			
	261,353		 261,353					
	30,330	-	30,330		-			
	40,714		 40,714		<u>-</u>			
	71,044		 71,044					
	-	308,567	308,567		-			
		506,807	 506,807		_			
_		815,374	 815,374					
	850,102	815,374	1,665,476	_	<u>-</u>	,		
<u>\$</u>	4,978,605	\$ 3,181,418	\$ 8,160,023	\$	1,262,367			

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the year ended August 31, 2022

Section	- Summary of Auditors' Re	esults						
Financial Statements								
Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified								
<ul> <li>Internal control over financial reporting:</li> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified</li> </ul>	□ yes	⊠ no						
that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	⊠ yes	none reported						
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	☐ yes	⊠ no						
Federal and State Awards								
<ul> <li>Internal control over major programs:</li> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be</li> </ul>	☐ yes	⊠ no						
material weakness(es)?	☐ yes	⊠ none reported						
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance	e for major programs: Unmo	odified						
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a) and Texas Grant Management Standards?	□ yes	⊠ no						
Identification of major programs:								
Federal Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Major Programs							
20.507, 20.526	Federal Transit Clus							
N/A	2021 and 2022 911 Strateg	ic Plan (STATE)						
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$ 750,000								
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	⊠ yes	no						

#### **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

Finding 2022-001: Cash Reconciliations

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency

Condition: The Commission's cash reconciliations were not reconciled accurately and in a timely manner.

**Criteria:** Controls should be in place to ensure the cash reconciliations are accurate and completed on a monthly basis.

**Cause:** The Commission did not have proper procedures in place to ensure staff was properly monitored or trained to ensure cash reconciliations were accurate and complete.

**Effect:** Without timely and accurate cash reconciliations, the Commission would not be able to timely detect errors in cash postings or cash transactions.

Repeat Finding from Prior Year: No.

**Recommendation:** We recommend the Commission implement a reconciliation process to ensure the Commission's general ledger cash balances reconcile to the cash reconciliations on a monthly basis. All differences should be researched, documented, and resolved in a timely manner.

Views of Responsible Officials: Refer to Corrective Action Plan.

Finding 2022-002: Federal Audit Clearinghouse (FAC) Submission

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency

**Condition:** The Commission did not submit the required Single Audit package to the FAC in the required time period.

**Criteria:** The delay was a result of Finding 2022-001 in which controls should be in place to ensure accurate and timely cash reconciliations are performed.

**Cause:** The Commission did not have proper procedures in place to ensure cash reconciliations were performed accurately and in a timely manner.

**Effect:** The effect of the late FAC submission could cause a delay in the award and funding of future grant programs.

Repeat Finding from Prior Year: No.

**Recommendation:** In future years all FAC submissions should be completed within the required time period.

Views of Responsible Officials: Refer to Corrective Action Plan.

Section III - Federal and State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the year ended August 31, 2022

# **Financial Statement Findings**

#### 2022-001

The Commission's Corrective Action Plan to address the condition is to put controls in place to sign off on all reconciliation processes at the end of each month. In addition, finance personnel will be provided with the proper education and training as well as reassigning duties and responsibilities to ensure accurate accounting procedures are being followed.

The Deputy Executive Director, Cindy Skarpa, will be responsible for ensuring that the Corrective Action Plan is implemented. The anticipated completion date is August 31, 2023.

#### 2022-002

The Commission's Corrective Action Plan to address the condition is to remedy finding 2022-001 and as a result of accurate and timely reconciliations, future FAC submissions will be completed within the required time period.

The Deputy Executive Director, Cindy Skarpa, will be responsible for ensuring that the Corrective Action Plan is implemented. The anticipated completion date is August 31, 2023.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the year ended August 31, 2022

None were reported.